s/Brian D. Karth, Clerk
Signature of Clerk or Deputy Clerk

AO 440 (Rev. 06/12) Summons in a Civil Action				
United S	STATES DISTRI	CT COURT	Record 545 - COR	24 M
	for the		AUQ 15,2016	
•	District of Arizona		12:05PM	
Center for Biological Diversity)))		TODEANKI	ng
Plaintiff(s))			
V.) Civil	Action No. 4:16-c	cv-00527-BGM	
U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service)))		•	
Defendant(s))		,	
SHM	IMONS IN A CIVIL AC	TTION		
A lawsuit has been filed against you.				
Within 21 days after service of this sur are the United States or a United States agency P. 12 (a)(2) or (3) — you must serve on the pla the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. The answ whose name and address are: Marc Fink Center for Biole 209 East 7th S Duluth, MN 55	, or an officer or employed, intiff an answer to the attower or motion must be serogical Diversity	e of the United Sta ached complaint or	ites described in Fed. R. C r a motion under Rule 12 o	iv.
If you fail to respond, judgment by def You also must file your answer or motion with	the court.		f demanded in the complai	nt.
	CI	LERK OF COURT		
Data			ISSUED ON 2:13 pm, Aug 09, 2016	
Date:			s/ Brian D. Karth. Clerk	

AO 440 (Rev. 06/12) Summons in a Civil Action (Page 2)

Civil Action No. 4:16-cv-00527-BGM

PROOF OF SERVICE

(This section should not be filed with the court unless required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 4 (1))

☐ I personally served	the summons on the individual at	(place)	
		on (date)	; or
☐ I left the summons	at the individual's residence or us	sual place of abode with (name)	
,	, a person	of suitable age and discretion who	esides there,
on (date)	, and mailed a copy to the	ne individual's last known address; o	or
☐ I served the summo	ons on (name of individual)	•	, who i
designated by law to	accept service of process on behal	f of (name of organization)	
		on (date)	; or
☐ I returned the summ	nons unexecuted because		; 0
☐ Other (specify):			
Er Guter (speedy).			
My fees are \$	for travel and \$	for services, for a total of	0.00
I declare under penalty	of perjury that this information i	s true.	
	·	Server's signature	
		Printed name and title	
		Server's address	

Additional information regarding attempted service, etc:

Sarah Uhlemann (WA Bar No. 41164) Center for Biological Diversity 2400 NW 80th Street, #146 Seattle, WA 98117

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Applicant Pro Hac Vice

Attorneys for Plaintiff

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF ARIZONA TUCSON DIVISION

Center for Biological Diversity,) Case No.:
Plaintiff,) COMPLAINT FOR DECLARATORY AND INJUNCTIVE RELIEF
V.)
U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service,)
Defendant.)

INTRODUCTION

- 1. Plaintiff Center for Biological Diversity ("the Center") brings this case against the United States Fish and Wildlife Service ("the Service") to compel the production of records concerning the import and export of wildlife and plants, including imperiled species, as required by the Freedom of Information Act ("FOIA"), 5 U.S.C. §§ 552 et seq.
- 2. Each year, the United States imports millions of wildlife and plant specimens from around the globe. These imports include everything from python-skin boots, to parrots and turtles destined for the pet trade, to corals, orchids, and shells used for home decor, to lions killed as hunting trophies, as well as zoo and scientific specimens.
- 3. Many wildlife and plant imports are sourced from the wild, and some are rare or imperiled species. For example, between 2005 and 2014, the United States reportedly imported over 900,000 specimens of nautilus, an increasingly endangered cephalopod in demand for its beautiful shell, from Indo-Pacific nations. In 2013 alone, traders imported nine "cartons" of Nguru pygmy chameleons, a species deemed "Critically Endangered" by the International Union for the Conservation of Nature ("IUCN"), presumably for the pet trade. An undisclosed number of pangolins, a scaly anteater that is now the most traded mammal on Earth, have been imported from Africa in recent years, despite growing evidence that trade threatens pangolins' continued existence.
- 4. Trade is the second largest threat to wildlife species behind habitat destruction. The United States is the second largest retail market for wildlife products in the world.
- 5. Before most foreign wildlife specimens can be imported into the United States, the specimens must be cleared by the U.S. Fish and Service, regardless of whether the import is intended for commercial trade, scientific research, or hunting trophies. 50

- C.F.R. § 14.52. To facilitate clearance, importers must submit an import declaration reporting basic data including, *inter alia*, the date and purpose of the import; species name, country of origin, and quantity of specimens imported; various permit numbers; and names of importers, exporters, and carriers. *Id.* § 14.61; USFWS Form 3-177 (revised 03/10). Additionally, the Service requires permits for the import and export of wildlife and plant species that are protected under various laws, including the Endangered Species Act ("ESA"). *See* 16 U.S.C. §§ 1538(a); 1539(a)(1)(A).
- 6. The Service inputs data from import declarations and permits into its Law Enforcement Management Information Systems ("LEMIS") database, also denoting whether the Service cleared or refused the import for entry.
- 7. For years, the Service routinely released data from its LEMIS database to the public when requested under FOIA, providing quantity, names of foreign and U.S. importers and exporters, and the declared value of the wildlife, among other information.
- 8. This import data is used by the public, including frequently by conservation groups, to track which species of wildlife the Service allows to enter the United States, from where, imported by whom, and in what quantity, in order to analyze which species may be most affected by trade and potentially to seek international and domestic protections as needed.
- 9. However, in response to a February 24, 2016 FOIA request ("FOIA Request") submitted by the Center for Biological Diversity, the Service denied several broad categories of import data, including, *inter alia*: (1) quantity of specimens imported, (2) foreign importer/exporter name, (3) name of carrier, and (4) various permit and document numbers ("FOIA Response"). The Service denied this information under FOIA Exemption 4, which exempts confidential commercial information from disclosure. 5 U.S.C. § 552(b)(4). On April 8, 2016, the Center administratively appealed the denial ("FOIA Appeal"). The Service has not responded to the Center's FOIA Appeal.

10. This action seeks to compel disclosure of this most basic and critical wildlife and plant import data under FOIA.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 11. Jurisdiction over this action is conferred by FOIA, 5 U.S.C. § 552(a)(4)(B), the Administrative Procedure Act ("APA"), *id.* § 702, and 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331 (federal question), 2201 (declaratory relief), and 2202 (injunctive relief). This cause of action arises under the laws of the United States, including FOIA and the APA. An actual, justiciable controversy exists between Plaintiff and Defendant.
- 12. Venue is proper in the District of Arizona pursuant to 5 U.S.C. § 552(a)(4)(B) because Plaintiff has its principal place of business in this judicial district.
- 13. Assignment of this case to the Tucson Division of this Court is appropriate because Plaintiff has its principal place of business in Pima County. Local Rule 77.1(a), (c).

PARTIES

- 14. Plaintiff Center for Biological Diversity ("the Center") is a 501(c)(3) non-profit conservation organization with 48,575 members. The Center's headquarters are in Tucson, Arizona, and the Center maintains several other offices across the country and in Mexico. Through science, policy, and environmental law, the Center advocates for the protection of threatened, endangered, and rare species and their habitats throughout the United States and abroad. The Center's International Program specifically focuses on protecting imperiled species outside U.S. boundaries, including from unsustainable trade.
- 15. The Center and its members are harmed by the Service's failure to comply with FOIA's statutory deadlines and the Service's unlawful failure to disclose data responsive to the Center's FOIA Request. These violations preclude the Center from understanding the type, quantity, and other important information about wildlife and plant imports that the Service allows into the United States.

- 16. Import data is critical to the Center and its International Program's operations. Center staff use the data to: track which species are most in trade; determine the volume of trade in particular species in order to evaluate trade as a threat; ascertain the purpose of commercial trade, including whether trade is for medicinal, decorative, fashion, or pet and aquarium purposes by learning the identity of importers and exporters; determine the country of origin; and other purposes. The data and our subsequent analysis informs the Center's organizational strategy, including for determining which species may require additional study and scientific research, advocacy for both domestic and international protections, or increased public awareness. The Center also collects, distills, and distributes the data to keep our members and the broader public informed on critical species protection matters.
- 17. The Center's organizational interests and activities are and will be adversely affected if the Service continues to violate FOIA's appeal determination deadline and continues to unlawfully withhold records responsive to the Center's FOIA Request. The Center's harms will likely be redressed by an appeal determination from the Service and disclosure of responsive records.
- 18. Defendant United States Fish and Wildlife Service ("the Service") is a federal governmental agency within the meaning of 5 U.S.C. § 552(f)(1) and is a bureau within the United States Department of the Interior. The Service enforces federal wildlife laws, including clearing wildlife imported into the United States and implementing the ESA, and the Service maintains the LEMIS database. The Service is in possession and control of the records that the Center seeks.

STATUTORY BACKGROUND

Freedom of Information Act

19. The Freedom of Information Act ("FOIA") ensures both an open government and government accountability through transparency. FOIA requires "each agency, upon any request for records . . . shall make the records promptly available to any

- person." 5 U.S.C. § 552(a)(3); see Presidential Memorandum for Heads of Executive Departments and Agencies Concerning the Freedom of Information Act, 74 Fed. Reg. 4683 (Jan. 26, 2009).
 - 20. FOIA carries a strong presumption in favor of public disclosure.
- 21. Under FOIA, an agency may withhold a record *only* if the record qualifies for one of nine narrowly construed statutory exemptions. 5 U.S.C. § 552(b)(1)–(9). The agency bears the burden of proving a record qualifies for a FOIA exemption and thus was lawfully withheld. *Id.* § 552(a)(4)(B). If the agency determines that a portion of responsive records is exempt from disclosure, the agency must nonetheless provide "[a]ny reasonably segregable portion" after redacting the exempt information, and the agency must explain why the redacted portions were withheld. *Id.* § 552(b).
- 22. Under FOIA Exemption 4, an agency may withhold "trade secrets and commercial or financial information obtained from a person and privileged or confidential." *Id.* § 552(b)(4).
- 23. Information is not confidential under FOIA Exemption 4 if the information is released or is available to the public in other formats or under other statutes.
- 24. To ensure prompt disclosure of information, FOIA imposes strict deadlines on federal agencies for responding to both FOIA requests and appeals. Specifically, upon receiving a FOIA request, an agency has 20 working days to respond to the request. *Id.* § 552(a)(6)(A)(i). A requestor may file an administrative appeal of an agency's failure to disclose requested records in part or in full, and an agency must make a determination on any such appeal within 20 working days. *Id.* § 552(a)(6)(A)(ii). A requester is deemed to have exhausted its administrative remedies and may seek immediate judicial review of the matter if the agency fails to comply with the statutory deadlines. *Id.* § 552(a)(6)(C)(i).

Legal Authorities Governing Wildlife Import

25. Pursuant to the Service's authority under several statutes that govern and restrict importation of wildlife into the United States, including the ESA, the Lacey Act,

the Migratory Bird Treaty Act, the African Elephant Conservation Act, and the Wild Bird Conservation Act, the Service's regulations require that a Service officer "must clear all wildlife imported into the United States prior to release from detention by Customs officers," with limited exemptions. 50 C.F.R. § 14.52(a).

- 26. To facilitate clearance, importers must submit an import declaration reporting basic data. *Id.* § 14.61. The declaration must record, *inter alia*, the date and purpose of the import; species name, country of origin, and quantity of specimens imported; various permit and document numbers; and names of importers, exporters, and carriers. *See* USFWS Form 3-177 (revised 03/10), available at: https://www.fws.gov/le/pdf/3177_1.pdf.
- 27. The Service inputs data from import declarations into the LEMIS database, denoting whether the Service cleared or refused the import for entry and whether the item was confiscated or abandoned.
- 28. Additionally, some ESA-listed wildlife and plant species are subject to import and export prohibitions, restrictions, and permitting requirements. Specifically, the ESA prohibits the importation of all endangered and many threatened-listed species, although the Service may grant import permits for scientific purposes or to enhance the species' survival. 16 U.S.C. §§ 1538(a); 1539(a)(1)(A); 50 C.F.R. § 17.31. The ESA requires the Service to publish notice and seek public comment on each endangered species import permit application. 16 U.S.C. § 1539(a). To facilitate notice and comment, the Service routinely discloses to the public importer/exporter names, quantity, country of origin, and location of wild capture or breeder name and location, copies of permits, and shipping details for live specimens.
- 29. The United States is also a Party to the Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species of Fauna and Flora ("CITES"). 27 U.S.T. 1087, 993 U.N.T.S. 243 (entered into force July 1, 1975). Additional import and export prohibitions, restrictions, and permitting requirements apply to species listed under the CITES. *Id.*; 16 U.S.C. §

- 1538(c). CITES requires all Parties to maintain detailed records of trade in CITES specimens, including the names and addresses of exporters and importers, quantity of wildlife traded, and other information. CITES, Art. VIII(6). Parties must submit an annual report, summarizing those records, to the CITES Secretariat. CITES, Art. VIII(7)(a). The Secretariat then publishes data on its publicly accessible CITES Trade Database. *See* http://trade.cites.org/#.
- 30. Additionally, in general, vessels that make entry into the United States must submit a manifest to U.S. Customs and Border Patrol ("CBP"), including a cargo declaration. 19 U.S.C. § 1431(a); 19 C.F.R. § 4.7(a) (requiring submission of Customs Form 1302). Vessel cargo data is compiled daily in CBP's Automated Manifest System ("AMS") and "is available to interested members of the public on CD-ROM" for a fee upon request, including vessel name, arrival date, description of goods, manifest quantity, manifest units, piece count, weight, bill of lading number, and the importer's name and address, unless the importer expressly seeks confidential treatment of its name and address through a regulatory process. 19 C.F.R. § 103.31(e). AMS data released to the public regularly contains names of importers, quantity, and carrier names.
- 31. Accredited members of the press are also permitted to examine vessel manifests. *Id.* § 103.31(a)(3). All information from the inward manifest may be copied and published, unless the importer seeks confidential treatment of its name and address through a regulatory process. *Id.* § 103(d)(1)(iv). Private sector media services then make the data available to the public for a fee. For example, the Journal of Commerce's Port Import Export Reporting Service ("PIERS") collects and analyzes U.S. seaborne imports from vessel manifest documents. *See* https://www.ihs.com/products/piers.html. PIERS reports made available to the fee-paying public frequently contain names of importers and shippers, quantity, and value of imports.

Administrative Procedure Act

- 32. The Administrative Procedure Act ("APA") provides for judicial review of final agency actions for persons adversely affected or aggrieved by the agency action. 5 U.S.C. § 702.
- 33. The APA requires a reviewing court to "compel agency action unlawfully withheld or unreasonably delayed" and "hold unlawful and set aside agency action, findings, and conclusions found to be . . . arbitrary, capricious, an abuse of discretion, of otherwise not in accordance with law." *Id.* § 706.
- 34. An agency action is arbitrary and capricious if the agency fails to provide an adequate explanation for its action and if the agency diverges from prior policies and standards without providing a reasoned explanation.

FACTUAL BACKGROUND

- 35. On February 24, 2016, the Center submitted its FOIA Request to U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service. The Center requested "all Law Enforcement Management Information System ('LEMIS') data regarding any imports and exports of fish and/or wildlife from January 1, 2005 to the present, including but not limited to all information submitted on Form 3-117 or its predecessor forms:
 - (a) Date of import/export,
 - (b) Port of clearance,
 - (c) Purpose code,
 - (d) Customs document number,
 - (e) Name of carrier,
 - (f) Air waybill of bill of lading number,
 - (g) Transportation code,
 - (h) Number of cartons of wildlife,
 - (i) Names of U.S. importer/exporter and foreign importer/exporter with country code,
 - (j) Scientific and common name of species,
 - (k) Foreign CITES permit and U.S. permit numbers,
 - (l) Description and source codes,
 - (m) Country of origin code,
 - (n) Quantity/unit, and

- (o) Monetary value."
- 36. The Service received the Center's FOIA Request on February 24, 2016 and assigned the Request the tracking number FWS-2016-00509.
- 37. On March 4, 2016, the Service responded to the Center's FOIA Request. The Service's response letter stated that the Service was "releasing shipment/species information from the following data fields in report form" on accompanying Excel spreadsheets:
 - (a) Species code,
 - (b) Genus,
 - (c) Species,
 - (d) Subspecies,
 - (e) Specific name,
 - (f) Generic name,
 - (g) Wildlife description,
 - (h) Unit,
 - (i) Number of cartons,
 - (j) Country of export or import,
 - (k) Purpose,
 - (1) Source,
 - (m) Act,
 - (n) Disposition code,
 - (o) Disposition date,
 - (p) Shipment date,
 - (q) Import or export flag,
 - (r) Port code,
 - (s) Transportation mode, and
 - (t) U.S. business.
- 38. However, the Service informed the Center that it was withholding entire data categories from the spreadsheets. Specifically, the Service withheld the following information pursuant to FOIA Exemption 4, 5 U.S.C. § 552(b)(4):
 - (a) Customs document number,
 - (b) Name of carrier,
 - (c) Air waybill of bill of lading number,

- (d) Foreign CITES permit and U.S. permit numbers,
- (e) Quantity,
- (f) Declared value of wildlife, and
- (g) Foreign importer/exporter.
- 39. The Service provided the following rationale for withholding the information under FOIA Exemption 4:

The withheld information is commercial or financial information. The company that supplied this information (the submitter) is considered a person, because the term 'person,' under the FOIA, includes a wide range of entities including corporations. Information that was required to be submitted is considered "confidential" if disclosure of it "is likely to cause substantial harm to the competitive position of the person from whom the information was obtained," or harm the Government's ability to obtain it in the future. *Nat'l Parks & Conservation Ass'n v. Morton*, 498 F.2d 765, 770 (D.C. Cir. 1974).

- 40. On April 8, 2016, the Center electronically submitted an appeal of the Service's withholdings ("FOIA Appeal"), challenging the Service's application of FOIA Exemption 4. Among other arguments, the Center explained that the requested data is not commercial; the data has already been disclosed in other formats or is publicly available from other sources; disclosure of the data will not cause substantial competitive harm; portions of the withheld data had already been released to the Center and other members of the public in response to similar FOIA requests in the past, and the Service failed to properly justify its withholding.
 - 41. The Center has not received a determination on its FOIA Appeal.
- 42. On several occasions in the past, the Center submitted FOIA requests for similar information and in response, received LEMIS data including data denied by the Service in response to the Center's February 24, 2016 request.
- 43. For example, on July 17, 2013, the Center submitted a FOIA request for, *inter alia*, "[a]ny records providing data on the number of wild caught snakes of any species exported from the United States in the last ten years," noting "this request could

be fulfilled with LEMIS data provided by the Office of Law Enforcement." In response, on July 31, 2013, the Service provided the Center with LEMIS data, including both quantity and foreign importer/exporter names.

- 44. Similarly, on October 27, 2015, the Center submitted a FOIA request for, *inter alia*, "[a]ny records providing data on the number of live tropical fish, sea horses, and corals of any species imported into the United States in the last ten years," noting "this request could be fulfilled with Law Enforcement Management Information System ('LEMIS') data." In response, on October 29, 2015, the Service provided the Center with LEMIS data, including quantity of specimens imported.
- 45. Prior to 2013, the Service routinely released LEMIS quantity, foreign import/exporter names, and declared value of wildlife data to requesters through FOIA.

CLAIMS FOR RELIEF

FIRST CLAIM FOR RELIEF Failure to Comply with Appeal Determination Deadline

- 46. Plaintiff re-alleges and incorporates all preceding paragraphs as if fully set forth herein.
- 47. The Service failed to "make a determination with respect to" the Center's April 8, 2016 FOIA Appeal "within twenty days (excepting Saturdays, Sundays, and legal public holidays)" after receiving the appeal. 5 U.S.C. § 552(a)(6)(A)(ii).
- 48. The Service's failure to provide a timely determination on the Center's FOIA Appeal violates FOIA. *Id.*
- 49. The Court should compel the Service to promptly make a determination on the Center's FOIA Appeal and disclose all responsive records. *Id.* §§ 706(1); 552(a)(4)(B).

SECOND CLAIM FOR RELIEF

Unlawful Withholding of Records Responsive to the Center's FOIA Request

- 50. Plaintiff re-alleges and incorporates all preceding paragraphs as if fully set forth herein.
- 51. Plaintiff has a statutory right of access to the public records requested in its FOIA Request, 5 U.S.C. § 552(a)(3), and there is no lawful basis for Defendant's withholding of data responsive to that Request, under FOIA Exemption 4. *Id.* § 552 (b)(4).
- 52. The Service's failure to disclose data responsive to the Center's FOIA Request violates FOIA. *Id.* § 552(a)(3).
- 53. The Court should compel production of records improperly withheld. *Id.* § 552(a)(4)(B).

THIRD CLAIM FOR RELIEF

- 54. Plaintiff re-alleges and incorporates all preceding paragraphs as if fully set forth herein.
- 55. Defendant's March 4, 2016 FOIA Response was a final agency action. Defendant failed to timely determine Plaintiff's FOIA Appeal, and Plaintiff has exhausted all of its administrative remedies. 5 U.S.C. § 552(a)(6)(A)(ii), (a)(2)(C).
- 56. Defendant's March 4, 2016 FOIA Response failed to provide an adequate rationale for the Service's decision to withhold records and is inconsistent with previous FOIA responses, in which the Service provided quantity, foreign exporter/importer, and other data.
 - 57. The Service's March 4, 2016 FOIA Response violates the APA.
- 58. The Court should hold unlawful and set aside the Service's March 4, 2016 response to the Center's FOIA request as arbitrary, capricious, an abuse of discretion, and not in accordance with FOIA and compel the Service to disclose all responsive records. *Id.* §§ 706(2); 552(a)(4)(B).

RELIEF REQUESTED

For the reasons stated above, Plaintiff respectfully requests that the Court grant the following relief:

- 1. Declare that Defendant's failure to timely make a determination on Plaintiff's FOIA Appeal is unlawful under FOIA, 5 U.S.C. § 552(a)(6)(A)(ii), and is an agency action that has been unlawfully withheld and unreasonably delayed, *id.* § 706(1).
- 2. Declare that Defendant's failure to disclose the requested records to Plaintiff is unlawful under FOIA. 5 U.S.C. § 552(a)(3).
- 3. Declare that Defendant's March 4, 2016 FOIA Response is arbitrary, capricious, an abuse of discretion, or not in accordance with law. 5 U.S.C. § 706(2).
- 4. Order Defendant to promptly provide Plaintiff with all records that are responsive to its FOIA Request.
- 5. Award Plaintiff its costs and reasonable attorney fees pursuant to 5 U.S.C. § 552(a)(4)(E) and 28 U.S.C. § 2412.
 - 6. Grant such other and further relief as the Court may deem just and proper

DATED: August 8, 2016 Respectfully submitted,

/s/ Marc D. Fink

Marc D. Fink (MN Bar No. 0343407) Center for Biological Diversity 209 East 7th Street Duluth, MN 55805 Phone: (218) 464-0539

 $Email: \ \underline{mfink@biological diversity.org}$

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Applicant Pro Hac Vice

Attorneys for Plaintiff

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT DISTRICT OF ARIZONA

Civil Cover Sheet

This automated JS-44 conforms generally to the manual JS-44 approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974. The data is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. The information contained herein neither replaces nor supplements the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law. This form is authorized for use <u>only</u> in the District of Arizona.

The completed cover sheet must be printed directly to PDF and filed as an attachment to the Complaint or Notice of Removal.

Plaintiff(s): Center for Biological Diversity

Defendant(s): U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service

County of Residence: Pima

County of Residence: Outside the State of Arizona

County Where Claim For Relief Arose: Pima

Plaintiff's Atty(s):

Defendant's Atty(s):

Sarah Uhlemann Center for Biological Diversity 2400 NW 80th Street, #146 Seattle, Washington 98117 (206) 327-2344

Anchun Jean Su Center for Biological Diversity 1212 Broadway # 800 Oakland, California 94612 (510) 844-7100 ext. 339

Marc D. Fink Center for Biological Diversity 209 East 7th Street Duluth, Minnesota 55805 (218) 464-0539

II. Basis of Jurisdiction:

2. U.S. Government Defendant

III. Citizenship of Principal Parties (Diversity Cases Only)

Plaintiff:-N/A

Case 4:16-cv-00527-BGM Document 2 Filed 08/09/16 Page 2 of 2

Defendant:-N/A

IV. Origin:

1. Original Proceeding

V. Nature of Suit:

895 Freedom of Information Act

VI.Cause of Action:

Freedom of Information Act: Failure to timely determine appeal and

failure to disclose all responsive records

VII. Requested in Complaint

Class Action: **No**Dollar Demand: **N/A**Jury Demand: **No**

VIII. This case is not related to another case.

Signature: /s/ Marc D. Fink

Date: 08/08/16

If any of this information is incorrect, please go back to the Civil Cover Sheet Input form using the *Back* button in your browser and change it. Once correct, save this form as a PDF and include it as an attachment to your case opening documents.

Revised: 01/2014

	,		
1 2 3 4 5 6 7	Name Bar # Firm Address Telephone	Marc Fink MN Bar # 0343407 Center for Biological Diversity 209 East 7th Street Duluth, Minnesota 55805 (218) 464-0539 IN THE UNITED S	TATES DISTRICT COURT
8		FOR THE DIS	STRICT OF ARIZONA
9	·	TORTHEDIS	The of the source
10			
11	Center for B	iological Diversity,	
12	P.	laintiff,	
13	V	S) Case No.
14	U.S. Fish ar	nd Wildlife Service,) Corporate Disclosure Statement
15	D	efendant.	
16			_)
17			· cu · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
18	ş.	corporate Disclosure Statement e with the provisions of: <i>(chec</i>)	is filed on behalf of Center for Biological Diversity
19		•	vil Procedure, a nongovernmental corporate party to an
20			file a statement that identifies any parent corporation
21			ation that owns 10% or more of its stock or states that
22		there is no such corporation. Rule 12.4(a)(1). Federal Rule	of Criminal Procedure, any nongovernmental corporate
23	<u> </u>	() () /	istrict court must file a statement that identifies any
24		•	ablicly held corporation that owns 10% or more of its
25		stock or states that there is no Rule 12 4(a)(2). Federal Rule	o such corporation. c of Criminal Procedure, if an organizational victim of
26	<u> </u>	* * * * *	a corporation the government must file a statement
27		identifying the victim and the	statement must also disclose the information required
28		by Rule 12.4(a)(1).	
-~			

	Case 4:16-cv-00527-BGM Document 3 Filed 08/09/16 Page 2 of 2
1 2	The filing party hereby declares as follows: No such corporation.
3	Party is a parent, subsidiary or other affiliate of a publicly owned corporation as listed below. (Attach additional pages if needed.)
4	Relationship
5	Publicly held corporation, not a party to the case, with a financial interest in the outcome. List identity of corporation and the nature of financial interest. (Attach
6	additional pages if needed.)
7	Relationship Other(please explain)
8	Other(please explain)
9	
10	A supplemental disclosure statement will be filed upon any change in the
11	information provided herein.
12	
13	Dated this 8th day of August , 2016.
14	
15	Marc Fink
16	Counsel of Record
17	
18	
19	Certificate of Service:
20	Pursuant to FRCP 5, I hereby certify that I will cause the foregoing document to be
21	served by registered mail, included with the summons, complaint, and other documents required for service by FRCP 4 to the following on August 8, 2016:
22	
23	Loretta E. Lynch Civil Process Clerk Attorney General United States Attorney's Office
	U.S. Department of Justice District of Arizona
24	950 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW Two Renaissance Square 40 N. Central Ave Suite 1200
25	Phoenix, AZ 85004-4408 U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service
26	5275 Leesburg Pike
27	Falls Church, VA 22041-3803
28	

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT DISTRICT OF ARIZONA

CONSENT TO EXERCISE OF JURISDICTION BY UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE

INSTRUCTIONS TO ALL PARTIES ACTION REQUIRED WITHIN 14 DAYS

Pursuant to Local Rule of Civil Procedure 3.7(b), all civil cases will be randomly assigned to a U.S. District Court Judge or to a U.S. Magistrate Judge.

When a case is filed and assigned to a U.S. Magistrate Judge, consent forms, for all parties, are stamped with a case number and given to the individual who is filing the case. On these forms, consent may be given to the jurisdiction of the magistrate judge by signing the consent section of form. If all parties consent, the case will remain with the magistrate judge, pursuant to 28:636(c)(1). These cases are assigned to a magistrate judge for all purposes, including trial and final entry of judgment. Any appeal from a judgment entered by the Magistrate Judge may be taken directly to the United States Court of Appeals for the Ninth Circuit in the same manner as an appeal from any other judgment of a district court.

Consent to proceed before a Magistrate Judge is voluntary, and no adverse consequences of any kind will be felt by any party or attorney who objects to assignment of a case to the Magistrate Judge.

The party filing the case or removal is responsible for serving all parties with the consent forms.

If any party chooses the district judge option, the case will be randomly reassigned to a U.S. District Court Judge. To elect to have the case heard before a U.S. District Court Judge, the District Judge Option section of the form must be completed.

Each party <u>must</u> file the completed consent form and certificate of service with the court no later than 14 days after entry of appearance. This document should be filed in paper form only and must serve a copy by mail or hand delivery upon all parties of record in the case.

	Case 4:16-cv-00527-BGM Document 5-1 Filed 08/09/16 Page 1 of 1
1	COOR MOTERN CAME CACCO WITH MACICED ATE HIDGE ACRECIDED
1	(FOR USE IN CIVIL CASES WITH MAGISTRATE JUDGE AS PRESIDER)
2 3	RETURN THIS FORM TO THE CLERK'S OFFICE NOT LATER THAN FOURTEEN (14) DAYS FROM YOUR APPEARANCE IN THIS CASE.
4	Do <u>NOT</u> electronically file this document!
5	IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF ARIZONA
6	
7	Plaintiff,
8	vs.
9	Case No
10	Defendant.
11	
	CONSENT TO EXERCISE OF JURISDICTION BY
12	UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE
13	In accordance with provisions of Title 28, U.S.C. Sec. 636(c)(1), the undersigned (party)(counsel of record for
14) in the above-captioned civil matter hereby voluntarily consents to have a United States Magistrate Judge conduct any and all further proceedings in the case, including trial and entry of a final judgment,
15	with direct review by the Ninth Circuit of Appeals if an appeal is filed.
16	
17	Date: Signature
18	
19	Print Name
20	DISTRICT JUDGE OPTION
21	Pursuant to Title 28, U.S.C. Sec. 636(c)(2) the undersigned (party)(counsel of record for
22	in the above captioned civil matter acknowledges the availability of a United States
	Magistrate Judge but elects to have this case randomly assigned to a United States District Judge.
23	Date:
24	Signature
25	Print Name
26	CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE
27	I hereby certify that a true copy of the foregoing Consent was served (by mail) (by hand delivery) on all parties
28	of record in this case, this day of, 20
	Signature

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF ARIZONA

Center for Bi	ological [Diversity,		1				
Plaintiff(s)/Petitioner(s), vs.				CASE NO: 4:16-cv-00527-BGM				
U.S. Fish & V	Vildlife Se	ervice,		Application of Attorney For Admission To Practice Pro Hac Vice Pursuant to LRCiv 83.1(b)(2)				
Defer	adant(s)/F	Respondent(s	s)	VICE I UISUAIII TO L	ACT 05.1((D)(2)		
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		ICE: \$35.00 APPLICA	I TION FEE REOU	IRED!			
, Sara	ah Uhlem					. 00 1/13/03 5		
	***************************************		, here action on behalf of Plainti	by apply to the Court ff Center for Biologic			o nac vice	
			Coettle 10/0					
City and State		ipal Residen r for Biologic	CC:			promotion and the first first of the desired the second section of the section of the second section of the section o		
Firm Name:		NW 80th Stre			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		#146	
Address:	Seattle				WA	Suite:	#170	
City:			227 2244	State:		Zip: 98117		
Firm/Business	Phone:	(206	327-2344					
Firm Fax Pho	ne:	_(NA)	E-mail	Address:	suhlemann@bio	ologicaldiversi	
I am admitted to	practice b	efore the foll	owing courts. (attach addition	onal sheets if necessar	ry)			
	T]	ITLE OF CO	DURT	DATE OF AD	MISSION	IN GOOD STANDING?		
Supreme Coul	rt of Wasi	hington		March 5, 2009 June 24, 2010		✓ Yes	☐ No*	
U.S. District C	ourt, Wes	stern District	t of Washington			√Yes	□ No*	
U.S. Court of A	Appeals f	or the Ninth	Circuit	May 1, 2008		✓ Yes	No*	
* Explain: See	attachm	ent for addi	tional admissions			-		
	rtificate of	f Good Standi	ing froma FEDERAL BAR	in which an applican	it has been a	admitted dated no r	more than 45 days	
I have concurrent additional sheets			this application, made pro h	ac vice applications	to this Cou	rt in the following	actions (attach	
Case N	Number	• /	Title of A	Action		Date Granted	or Denied*	
N/A	<i>*</i>					, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
* Explain:	ALL A	PPLICANT	S ARE REQUIRED TO A	NSWER THE FOL	LOWING	QUESTIONS.	·	
			r of the following questions,			-	~ _	
=	=	-	a disciplinary investigation om practice in any Court?	or proceeding by any	y Bar or Co		Yes No	
•			oni practice in any Court? going is trueand correct; that I a	m not a resident of, nor	ani regulariv		Yes	
r other activities in t	he State of	Arizona; and th	at I am not currently suspend	ed, disbarred or subject	to disciplina	ry proceedings in any	court. I certify that	
ave read and will istrict of Arizona ("	ascribe to Local Rules	the Standard "), and will sub	s for Professional Conduct, will oscribe to receive court notices a	comply with the Rules s required by LRCiv 83.	of Practice 1(c).	of the United States	s District Court for th	
8/9/1	le		Sonah	U	T-111.			
ate			Signature of Applica	int		······································		
'ee Receipt#							(Rev. 04/12)	

Bar Admissions and Dates (cont.):

Oregon Supreme Court: Sept. 9, 2005

District of Columbia Court of Appeals: Nov. 6, 2006

U.S. District Court, District of Columbia: March 5, 2007

U.S. District Court, District of Oregon: Jan. 28, 2010

U.S. Court of International Trade: Jan. 10, 2013

U.S. Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia: Jan. 17, 2012

* I am currently in good standing and eligible to practice in each of the above-listed courts.

Anited States District Court Pestern District of Bashington



WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON

standing as a member of the bar of said Court that Sarah Uhlemann was admitted to practice in said Court on June 24, 2010 to the Western District of Washington, and is in good I, William M. McCool, Clerk of the United States District Court for the Western District of Washington, Do Hereby Certify

Dated at Seattle, Washington on August 2, 2016.

William M. McCool

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that on August 10, 2016, I served the attached document by mail on the following, who are not registered participants of the CM/ECF System:

Loretta E. Lynch Attorney General U.S. Department of Justice 950 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW Washington, DC 20530-0001 Civil Process Clerk
United States Attorney's Office
District of Arizona, Phoenix
Two Renaissance Square 40 N. Central Ave
Suite 1200
Phoenix, AZ 85004-4408

U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service 1849 C Street, NW Washington, DC 20240 Civil Process Clerk United States Attorney's Office District of Arizona, Tucson 405 W. Congress Street, Suite 4800 Tucson, AZ 85701-5040

Sarah Uhlemann (WA Bar No. 41164)

Center for Biological Diversity 2400 NW 80th Street, #146

Seattle, WA 98117

Phone: (206) 327-2344

Email: suhlemann@biologicaldiversity.org

Applicant Pro Hac Vice

Attorney for Plaintiff

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF ARIZONA

Center for Bio	logical Di	iversity		1				
	tiff(s)/Peti	tioner(s),		CASE N	o: 4:16-0	cv-00527-E	BGM	
vs. United States Fish and Wildlife Service					Application of Attorney For Admission To Practice Pro Hac Vice Pursuant to LRCiv 83.1(b)(2)			
Defen	Defendant(s)/Respondent(s)							
			ICE: \$35.00 APPLI	 CATION FE	E REQU	IRED!		
, Mar	c D. Fink			hauahu annlu ta	the Court	under I DC	iv 83.1(b)(2) for pro	hac vice
i,		actice in this	s action on behalf of Plan					·
			Duluth Minneso					
City and State		-	ce: cal Diversity					
Firm Name:		st 7th Stree		, ,	 	i	Suite:	
Address:	Duluth		e de la companya del companya de la companya del companya de la co	· ·	Chatas	MN	Zip: 55805	
City:		(218	₎ 464-0539		State:		Sib:	and the second s
Firm/Business Firm Fax Pho		(817	, 582-3884		E-mail	Address:	mfink@biological	diversity.org
		- C 41 - C-1	1i counts (attack o	dditional shoots	_			42
am admitted to		TLE OF C	lowing courts. (attach a			ry) MISSION	IN GOOD ST	ANDING?
Supreme Cou					05/12/2005 09/15/2006 02/20/2007		✓ Yes No	☐ No*
			District of Minnesota	09/1				No*
United States	Supreme	Court	and the same of th	02/20				No*
* Explain:	***************************************	<u> </u>						
·			ding from a FEDERAL is required.)	BAR in which	an applicar	nt has been	admitted dated no mo	re than 45 days
. I have concurrer additional sheets			this application, made	<i>pro hac vice</i> ap	plications	to this Cou	rt in the following ac	ctions (attach
Case	Number	• /	Title	e of Action			Date Granted or	Denied*
	vou answe	r YES to eith	TS ARE REQUIRED ter of the following ques	tions, please ex	plain all c	ircumstance	es on a separa <u>te</u> page	
			from practice in any Co	•	<i>- - - - - - - - - -</i>	-	Ye	s 🗸 No
or other activities is have read and wi	n the State o ll ascribe	of Arizona; and to the Standa	regoing is trueand correct; that I am not currently surds for Professional Conductubscribe to receive court no	spended, disbarr t, will comply wi	ad or subject th the Rules	to disciplina of Practice	ry proceedings in any co	ourt. I certify that l
<u>0/.///0</u>	•		Signature of Ar	oplicant	4			
Fee Receipt	#		-	L				(Rev. 04/12)

Additional Courts In Which I Am Admitted To Practice:

United States Court of Appeals for the Ninth Circuit

1997

United States Court of Appeals for the Fifth Circuit

7/06/2010

United States District Court for the Western District of Wisconsin 8/25/2011

State of Idaho (inactive)

State of Oregon (inactive)

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

for the
District of Minnesota

CERTIFICATE OF GOOD STANDING

I, <u>Ri</u>	chard D. Sletten	, Clerk	of this Court, certify that
Marc I	D. Fink , Bar #	343407	, was duly admitted to practice in this
Court on _	9/15/2006 , ar	nd is in goo	d standing as a member of the Bar of this
Court.			
Dated at	Duluth on	August 3, 2	2016

RICHARD D. SLETTEN

RICHARD D. SLETTEN, CLERK

(By) M. Price, Deputy Clerk

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF ARIZONA TUCSON DIVISION

Center for Biological Diversity,) Case No: 4:16-cv-00527-BGM
Plaintiff,) [PROPOSED] ORDER RE:) APPLICATION OF MARC D. FINK
V.) TO APPEAR PRO HAC VICE
U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service,)
Defendant.)

Upon due consideration and for good cause shown, Plaintiff's Application of attorney Marc D. Fink for admission to practice pro hac vice is hereby granted.